2022 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System CITY OF EAST TAWAKONI

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2022

For more information regarding this report contact:

Rains, County CITY OF EAST TAWAKONI provides surface water from City of Emory located in

Name Jeff Dudley

Phone 903-447-244

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (903)447 -2444.

Definitions and Abbreviations

Definitions and Abbreviations The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples

Avg.

Action Level

Level | Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water

Level 2 Assessment A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants

million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

O.I.N pCi/L

12

mrem: MEL

picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

Definitions and Abbreviations

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion
ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million
ppq parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)
ppt parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Information about your Drinking Water

through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or

indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily

Contaminants that may be present in source water include

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife
- gas production, mining, or farming Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses
- from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities

regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA

information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more

steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or

Information about Source Water

CITY OF EAST TAWAKONI purchases water from CITY OF EMORY. CITY OF EMORY provides purchase surface water from City of Emory located in Rains County.

TCEQ completed a Source Water Susceptibility for all drinking water systems that own their sources. This report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with the drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system

East Tawakoni

contact Jeff Dudley, 903-447-2444

Coliform Bacteria

0	Maximum Contaminant Lovel Goal
I positive monthly sample.	Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level
2	Highest No. of Positive
	Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Maximum Contaminant Level
0	Highest No. of Positive Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Total No. of Positive E. Coli Maximum Contaminant or Fecal Coliform Samples Level
Z	Violation Likely So
Naturally present in the environment.	Likely Source of Contamination

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL) 99th Percentile # Sites Over AL	90th Percentite	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	07/01/2020	1.3	1.3	0.581	0	ppm	Z	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems

LEAD AND COPPER

See Box Below	Z	ppm	0	0.128	1.3	1.3	2022	Copper
	(Y/N)		Over AL	Percentile	Level (ALL)		Sampled	Copper
Likely Source of Contamination	Violation	Units		90 th	Action	MCLG	Date	Lead and

water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in to minimize exposure is available for the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epc.gov/safewater/lead plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by woman and young children. Lead in drinking water's is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead your household plumbing systems if present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant Copper Likely Source of Contamination: Erosion of natural deposits; Leading from wood preservatives; Corrosion of

East Tawakoni

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	54	23 - 69.7	No goal for the total	60	ррь	z	N By-product of drinking water disinfection.

^{*}The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year

(TTHM)	Total Trihalomethanes	
	2022	
	79	
	54.2 - 98.4	
total	No goal for the	A
	80	
	ppb	
	Z	
	By-product of drinking water disinfection.	

^{*}The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year

East Tawakoni

10 ppin	10 ppm	10 ppm N Kunoff from tertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Units		Violation
iolation L		n Likely Source

Provider Emory

Cyanide	Barium	Asbestos	Inorganic Contaminants
2022	2022	2021	Collection Date
99.9	.068	0.5911	Highest Range of Level Level Detected Detected
99.9-99.9	.068068	0.5911-	Range of Levels Detected
200	2	7	MCLG
200	2	7	MCLG MCL
Ppb	Ppm	MFL	Units
Z	Z	Z	Violation
Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories.	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits	Decay of asbestos cement water; Erosion on natural deposits	Likely Source of Contamination
rtilizer factories; ctories.	Discharge from atural deposits	ter; Erosion on	mination

Provider Emory

	sewage; Erosion of na	Fluoride 2022 0.1 0.126-0.126 4 4.0 Ppm N Run from fertilizer us
The same of the sa	sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.	N Run from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks,

6

ገ								
	-	Radium 226/228	Combined	emitters	Beta/photon		Contaminants	Radioactive
estimated in the second			05/03/2018 1.5	2018	05/03/2018		Date	Collection
			1.5		4.1	Detected Detected	Level	Highest
			1.5-1.5		4.1-4.1	Detected	Level	Range of
			0		0			MCLG MCL
			<u>υ</u>		50	A REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH		MCL
		The state of the s	pCi/L		pCi/L*			Units
			Z		Z			Violation
		for beta panticles.	*Erosion considers 50 pCl/L to be the level of concern		Decay of natural and man-made deposit.	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		Likely Source of Contamination

	_		 _
		Frovider Emory	
7			
		÷	

I TOVICKI LIMOLY		TURBIDITY		
	Limit Treatment Technique Level Detected	Level Detected	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Highest single measurement 0.23 NTU	0.23 NTU	INTU	Z	Soil Runoff
Lowest monthly % meeting 0.3 NTU imit	0.3 NTU	100%	Z	Soil Runoff

East Tawakoni

Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (DLQOR).

Disinfectant Residual
Year
Average Level
Range of Levels Detected
MRDL
MRDLG
Unit of Measure
Violation (Y/N)
Source in Drinking Water

Provider Emory

DISINFECTANT RESIDUAL

Chloramines	-	Residual	Disinfectant
	2022		Year
	1.63		Average Level Minimum
	1.09	Level	Minimum
	2.13	Level	Maximum
	4.0		MRDL
	4.0		MRDLG
	Ppm	Measure	Unit of
	Z	(X/N)	Violation
microbes.	Water additive	Contamination	Likely Source

Violations

	Fublic Nottleation Kule			
	The Public Notification Rule helps to ensure that a boil water emergency).	consumers will always kno	ow if there is a problem	The Public Notification Rule helps to ensure that consumers will always know if there is a problem with their drinking water. These notices immediately alert consumers if there is a serious problem with their drinking water (e. a boil water emergency).
	Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
<	Violations		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
	PUBLIC NOTICE RULE LINKED TO	08/13/2021	01/10/2022	We failed to adequately notify you, our drinking water consumers, about a violation of the drinking water regulations.